



Plata Latina Minerals Corporation

**Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the Six Months ended June 30, 2022**

Notice of No Auditor Review

In accordance with National Instrument 51-102, the Company discloses that the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management. They have been reviewed and approved by the Company's Audit Committee and the Board of Directors.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Canadian Professional Accountants of Canada.

Plata Latina Minerals Corporation

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position
(Unaudited - expressed in Canadian Dollars)

As at	Note	June 30, 2022 \$	December 31, 2021 \$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash		420,446	367,000
Amounts receivable	3	2,686	4,208
Prepaid expenses		3,661	7,321
Total assets		426,793	378,529
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	5	20,586	18,561
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	6	11,490,446	11,490,446
Reserves	6	671,798	663,416
Deficit		(11,756,037)	(11,793,894)
		406,207	359,968
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		426,793	378,529

Nature of operations and going concern 1

Approved by the Board of Directors on August 25, 2022:

"Margaret Brodie"

Audit Committee Chair

"Letitia Wong"

Director

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Plata Latina Minerals Corporation

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss (Unaudited - expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Note	Three months ended		Six months ended	
		June 30, 2022 \$	June 30, 2021 \$	June 30, 2022 \$	June 30, 2021 \$
Expenses					
Filing fees and transfer agent		3,654	671	9,835	9,645
Investor relations		1,621	2,050	1,621	3,283
Office administration		4,388	4,023	7,839	7,322
Professional fees	7	32,977	33,285	56,523	57,988
Salaries and benefits	7	5,766	5,498	11,462	14,976
		(48,406)	(45,527)	(87,280)	(93,214)
Other income (expenses)					
Royalty income	4	-	-	126,110	129,198
Foreign exchange gain (loss)		7,981	(9,621)	(973)	(14,571)
(Loss) income for the period		(40,425)	(55,148)	37,857	21,413
Other comprehensive income (loss)					
Item that may be reclassified to income or loss:					
Foreign currency translation adjustment		5,509	1,861	8,382	(2,508)
(Loss) and comprehensive income for the period		(34,916)	(53,287)	46,239	18,905
Income per share					
Basic and diluted		(0.00)	(0.00)	0.00	0.00
Weighted average number of shares outstanding					
Basic and diluted		79,034,671	79,034,671	79,034,671	79,034,671

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Plata Latina Minerals Corporation

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (Unaudited - expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Share Capital (Note 6)		Reserves			Deficit	Total Shareholders' Equity
	Number of Shares	Amount	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Options and Warrants	Total Reserves		
	#	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
December 31, 2021	79,034,671	11,490,446	(957,100)	1,620,516	663,416	(11,793,894)	359,968
Income for the period	-	-	-	-	-	37,857	37,857
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	8,382	-	8,382	-	8,382
June 30, 2022	79,034,671	11,490,446	(948,718)	1,620,516	671,798	(11,756,037)	406,207
December 31, 2020	79,034,671	11,490,446	(954,249)	1,620,516	666,267	(11,739,943)	416,770
Income for the period	-	-	-	-	-	21,413	21,413
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	(2,508)	-	(2,508)	-	(2,508)
June 30, 2021	79,034,671	11,490,446	(956,757)	1,620,516	663,759	(11,718,530)	435,675

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Plata Latina Minerals Corporation

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited - expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Operating activities				
(Loss) income for the period	(40,425)	(55,148)	37,857	21,413
Changes in non-cash working capital:				
Amounts receivable	(1,667)	(973)	1,522	6,219
Prepaid expenses	1,830	1,739	3,660	(3,177)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(227)	(9,148)	2,025	(9,595)
	(40,489)	(63,530)	45,064	14,860
Effect of foreign exchange on cash	5,509	1,861	8,382	(2,508)
Change in cash	(34,980)	(61,669)	53,446	12,352
Cash, beginning of the period	455,426	501,428	367,000	427,407
Cash, end of the period	420,446	439,759	420,446	439,759

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Plata Latina Minerals Corporation

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the Six months ended June 30, 2022

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, unless otherwise stated)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Plata Latina Minerals Corporation (“Plata” or the “Company”) was incorporated under the laws of British Columbia, Canada. Plata’s registered and records office is at 1100 – 1111 Melville Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6E 3V6. On April 11, 2012, the Company’s common shares commenced trading on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol “PLA”. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements as at June 30, 2022, included Plata and its five wholly owned subsidiaries: Plaminco S.A. de C.V. (“Plaminco”), Minera Central Vaquerias S.A. de C.V. (“MCV”), Minera Exploradora del Centro S.A. de C.V. (“MEC”), Servicio PLMC (“Servicio”) and Plata Latina US Ltd. (“Plata US”), which are collectively referred to as the “Company”. Plaminco, MCV, MEC and Servicio are organized under the laws of Mexico and Plata US is organized under the laws of Colorado, U.S.

The Company and its subsidiaries were in the business of acquiring, exploring and evaluating mineral property assets, principally in Mexico. Through its wholly owned subsidiary, Plaminco, the Company held interests in four Mexican mineral properties – Naranjillo, Vaquerias, Palo Alto and La Joya. In February 2020, the Company sold the Naranjillo property to Fresnillo and retains a 3% net smelter return royalty (“Royalty”) in Naranjillo. For the Vaquerias, Palo Alto and La Joya properties, the Company had submitted applications to terminate their mineral licenses. While the termination of the La Joya property is still in the process, the Company has assessed that it may want to continue with that property. As such, Plata is in the process of recalling the termination application. Plata continues to consider a variety of longer-term strategic alternatives.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements (the “Financial Statements”) have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the Company will be able to continue its operations and meet its obligations as they become due. Plata has incurred ongoing losses and will continue to incur further losses in the course of developing its business. Plata has not yet generated revenue from operations as it is in the exploration stage. As at June 30, 2022, Plata had a deficit of \$11,756,037 (December 31, 2021 - \$11,793,894) and working capital of \$406,207 (December 31, 2021 - \$359,968).

The impact of three years of COVID-19 has resulted in supply chain disruptions, record high inflation and climbing interest rates which all have impeded economic recovery and tightened the financial markets. It still remains indeterminable of the duration of the pandemic and inflation be back to a normal level. These result in uncertainties to whether financing would be available to the Company if the need for funding was to arise. These circumstances might cast significant doubt on the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern.

These Financial Statements do not give effect to adjustments which would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern and, therefore, be required to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in other than the normal course of business and at amounts different from those reflected in the Financial Statements.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and Interpretations (collectively, “IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) and comply with IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*.

These financial statements do not include all the information and notes to the annual consolidated financial statements required by IFRS and should be read together with the Company’s most recent audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Plata Latina Minerals Corporation

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the Six months ended June 30, 2022

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, unless otherwise stated)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

These financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments measured at fair value. In addition, these financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow information.

These Financial Statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency. The functional currencies of Plata's subsidiaries are: (a) U.S. dollar for Plata US; and (b) Mexican peso for Plaminco, MCV, MEC, and Servicio.

Principles of consolidation

These Financial Statements include the accounts of Plata and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Plaminco, MCV, MEC, Servicio and Plata US. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Company has control. The Company controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Financial Statements of the five subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date which control is transferred to the Company until the date that control ceases. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated on consolidation.

Critical accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of these Financial Statements requires management to make certain judgments, estimates and assumptions that impact the Company's reported financial position. Judgment and estimates are based on historical experience and expectation of future events within reasonable circumstances. Actual outcomes could differ from these estimates. Revisions to these estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in future periods affected.

The significant judgments and estimates that affect these Financial Statements are as follows:

a) Exploration and evaluation assets

The carrying values and assessment of impairment of exploration and evaluation assets are based on costs incurred and management's estimate of net recoverable value. Estimates may not necessarily reflect actual recoverable value as this will be dependent on the development program, the nature of the mineral deposit, commodity prices, adequate funding and the ability of the Company to achieve commercial production.

In February 2020, the Company completed the sale of one of its four mineral assets, the Naranjillo property, to Fresnillo for \$663,950 (US \$500,000). Fresnillo granted the Company a 3% net smelter return ("NSR") royalty. Fresnillo is required to make advance royalty payments of US \$100,000 annually starting February 2021 until the earlier of (i) US \$1,000,000 of advance royalty payments have been paid, or (ii) Naranjillo commences commercial production of minerals (Note 4). As at June 30, 2022, the Company received two advance royalty payments totalling \$255,308 (US \$200,000) from Fresnillo.

b) Going concern

The Company uses judgment in assessing its ability to continue as a going concern for the next twelve months. In considering the factors with respect to the prolonging pandemic and sluggish global economic recovery, adversely affecting its going concern as disclosed in Note 1, the Company concludes that there is a material uncertainty that might cast significant doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern.

Plata Latina Minerals Corporation

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

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(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, unless otherwise stated)

3. AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
	\$	\$
Mexican value added tax (“IVA”) recoverable	1,063	3,295
Good and services tax receivable	1,623	913
	<u>2,686</u>	<u>4,208</u>

4. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

Through its wholly owned subsidiary, Plaminco, the Company held four mineral properties in Mexico.

Naranjillo Property – Acquired by Fresnillo

In February 2017, the Company entered into an option agreement (the “Naranjillo Option Agreement”) with a wholly owned subsidiary of Fresnillo PLC (“Fresnillo”) granting Fresnillo the option to explore the Naranjillo Property for a total of cash consideration of US \$1,650,000 over three years. In addition, Fresnillo was required to spend US \$3,000,000 in exploration expenditures on the Naranjillo Property over the option period.

At the end of the three-year period, Fresnillo had the option to acquire the Naranjillo Property for additional US \$500,000 and to grant the Company a 3% net smelter return royalty (“Royalty”) on the Naranjillo Property.

On February 24, 2020, Fresnillo exercised its option to acquire the Naranjillo Property for \$663,950 (US \$500,000). The Company recognized a gain of \$135,492 on the sale transaction in 2020.

Under the Naranjillo Option Agreement, Fresnillo is required to pay an annual advance royalty payment of US \$100,000 (the “Advanced Royalty Payment”), until the earlier of (a) a maximum of US \$1,000,000 in the Advance Royalty Payments have been paid, or (b) Naranjillo commences commercial production.

Fresnillo has the option to reduce the Royalty by 1% by paying an additional US \$1,000,000 and may further reduce the remaining 2% Royalty to \$nil by paying an additional US \$5,000,000.

Royalty Income from the Naranjillo Property

During the six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company received from Fresnillo an advance royalty payment of \$126,110 (US \$100,000) (June 30, 2021 - \$129,198 (US \$100,000)) which was recorded as royalty income in the statement of income (loss).

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4. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Vaquerias, Palo Alto and La Joya (the Three Properties”)

The Three Properties together comprise six mineral concession licenses which are valid until 2060 and 2062. To maintain the licenses in good standing, annual concession fees and land taxes were submitted to the Mexican authority.

In mid-2020, the Company elected not to continue with the required payments of land taxes and concession fees for the Three Properties, and submitted applications to terminate their mineral licenses.

During the six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company has evaluated that it may want to continue with the La Joya property and is in the process of withdrawing the termination application of La Joya.

5. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
	\$	\$
Trade payables	20,587	561
Accrued liabilities	-	18,000
	<u>20,587</u>	<u>18,561</u>

6. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES

Authorized - unlimited number of common shares without par value

Foreign currency translation reserve

The translation reserve comprises all foreign currency differences arising from the translation of the Financial Statements of the foreign operations, from the foreign operations' functional currency to the Company's presentation currency, as well as from the translation of inter-group loans that form the Company's net investment in its foreign subsidiaries.

Stock options

The Company has a 10% rolling stock option plan with the maximum number of options granted not to exceed 10% of the total number of common shares issued and outstanding at the grant date. Options granted to directors, officers, employees and consultants have a term up to five years and the exercise prices and the vesting periods are determined by the Board of Directors.

The Company's stock option activities as at June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021 are as follows:

	Options #	Weighted Average Exercise Price \$
Outstanding, December 31, 2020	175,000	0.06
Expired	(100,000)	(0.06)
Outstanding, December 31, 2021	75,000	0.06
Expired	(75,000)	(0.06)
Outstanding, June 30, 2022	-	-

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6. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES (CONTINUED)

Reserves – options and warrants

As at June 30, 2022, the Company did not have any outstanding options or warrants.

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Compensation of Key Management

Key management includes the Company's directors and officers and previously in 2021, VP Exploration. Their compensation paid for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

	Nature of compensation	For the six months ended June 30,		Balance outstanding June 30,	
		2022 \$	2021 \$	2022 \$	2021 \$
Executive Chairman and CEO	Salaries and benefits	11,462	10,675	-	7,436
VP Exploration	Salaries and benefits	-	4,301	-	-
CFO and Corporate Secretary	Professional fees	21,000	10,500	-	-
Total		32,462	25,476	-	7,436

8. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Fair value

At June 30, 2022, the carrying values of cash, amounts receivable, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values due to the short-term maturity of these financial instruments.

The Company classifies its financial instruments into three levels of the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to measure the fair values. The fair value hierarchy is as follows:

Level 1 – unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – quoted prices in inactive markets or inputs are observable directly or indirectly for the asset or liability; and

Level 3 – inputs that are unobservable as there are little or no market activities.

Plata Latina Minerals Corporation

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(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, unless otherwise stated)

8. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT AND RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Risk management

The Company is exposed to financial instrument related risks arising from its normal operations. The Company manages and mitigates these risk exposures as follows:

Foreign currency risk

The Company operates in Canada, United States and Mexico. It maintains Mexican Peso ("MXN") and US Dollar (US\$) bank accounts in Mexico and USA and is subject to currency gains or losses from these two currencies against the Canadian Dollar. The Company has no hedging against its foreign currency risk exposure.

At June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company was exposed to currency risk through the following assets and liabilities denominated in US\$:

	June 30, 2022		December 31, 2021	
Cash	US\$	322,841	US\$	282,722
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		-		-
	US\$	322,814	US\$	282,722

At June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company was exposed to currency risk through the following assets and liabilities denominated in MXN:

	June 30, 2022		December 31, 2021	
Cash	MXN	10,070	MXN	23,494
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(142)		(4,034)
	MXN	9,928	MXN	19,460

A 10% change of the Canadian dollar against the US dollar at June 30, 2022 would have increased or decreased net loss by \$40,381 (December 31, 2021 – \$34,691) and would have increased or decreased the comprehensive loss by \$12,204 (December 31, 2021 – \$1,000). A 10% change of the Canadian dollar against the MXN at June 30, 2022 would have increased or decreased the comprehensive loss by \$64 (December 31, 2021 – \$146). This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain consistent.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company's financial assets are insufficient to meet its financial liabilities. The Company manages liquidity risk with budgets and cash forecasts to ensure there is sufficient cash to meet its obligations. At June 30, 2022, the Company had cash of \$420,446 (December 31, 2021 - \$367,000) to settle current liabilities of \$20,587 (December 31, 2021 - \$18,561).

In February 2020, the Company sold the Naranjillo property ("Naranjillo") to Fresnillo for \$663,950 (US \$500,000). Under the terms of the Naranjillo Option Agreement entered in February 2017, after the acquisition of Naranjillo, effective February 2021, Fresnillo is required to make an annual advance royalty payment of US \$100,000 until the earlier of (a) a maximum of US \$1,000,000 have been paid or (b) Naranjillo commences commercial mineral production. As of June 30, 2022, the Company has received two advance royalty payments of \$255,308 (US \$200,000).

Three years of the COVID-19 pandemic have disrupted supply chains as well the soaring energy prices have pushed the global inflation to record high. Increased interest rates, a measure to slow down inflation, at the same time impeding economic recovery. Under this economic environment, the Company manages liquidity risk and its cash resources by setting a prudent budget and keeping expenditures within the budget. Based on its 2022 annual budget approved by the board of directors, the Company has evaluated that it currently has sufficient liquidity for the next twelve months from the cash flows generated from the sale proceed and future advance royalty payments on the Naranjillo property.

Plata Latina Minerals Corporation

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(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, unless otherwise stated)

8. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT AND RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Commodity Price risk

The Company currently does not hold any mineral properties and is seeking new business transactions in the resource industry. The COVID-19 has impacted the global economy and supply chains, resulting in volatile fluctuations of commodity prices. This presents challenges to the Company's outlook in searching for business opportunities.

Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash held with financial institutions, as well as credit exposure on amounts receivable. Credit risk exposure on cash is limited through maintaining the Company's balances with high-credit quality financial institutions and assessing institutional exposure. As at June 30, 2022, the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk was the carrying value of its cash.

Capital management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to conserve cash, safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and maintain flexible capital which optimizes the costs of capital at an acceptable risk level.

In assessing the capital structure of the Company, management includes in its assessment the components of shareholders' equity. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may issue new shares, issue new debt, acquire or dispose of assets or adjust the amount of cash. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or procedures for the six months ended June 30, 2022.

9. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company operates in one reportable and operating segment, being the exploration and evaluation of mineral resources properties in Mexico.

In February 2020, the Company sold the Naranjillo property to Fresnillo. In mid-2020, Plata decided to discontinue the land and tax payments on its Three Properties, *Vaquerias*, *Palo Alto* and *La Joya*, and submitted applications terminating their mineral licenses. During the six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company has assessed that it may want to continue holding the La Joya property and has started the process of revoking the termination application.

As at June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company did not hold any exploration and evaluation assets.